WILSON HASTING TO CHINA.

THE GENERAL IN FROM CUBA AND OFF AGAIN TO-MORROW.

Expects to Be on the Pacific Before the Week Out-Has Spent a Year in China and He Is Familiar With Pekin and the Chinese Soldier-Expedited Through Quarantine.

Brig -Gen. James H. Wilson, U. S. V., recently Military Commander of the Department of Matanzas and Santa Clara provinces in Cuba, arrived here late on Thursday night on the Ward Line steamsh p Yucatan. Gen. Wilson is on his way to China, where he will undoubtedly have charge of a brigade in the coming military operations in country. He was accompanied from Cuba by his two daughters, the Misses Katharine and Elinor Wilson, his aides, First Lieut J. Soulard Turner of the Tenth Infantry and First Lieut. James H Reeves of the Second Cavalry, and an orderly. Gen. W Ison, his nides and his orderly left the Yucatan at Quarantine and came up to town. The Misses Wilson were obliged to stay board the steamship over night to comply | keenest razor." with the quarantine regulations. The General and his official family were allowed to land only when a request to this effect was wired from Washington to the Health Officer of the Port Wilson went direct to the Hotel Manhattan where he found his daughter and sonin-law, Mr and Mrs. Henry B. Thompson swaiting his arrival. He dined with Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and his two aides last night, and after dinner he talked to a SUN reporter. "I am on my way to China," said Gen.

Mrs. Thompson and his two aloes as it is not, and after dinner he talked to a Sun reporter.

"I am on my way to China," said Gen. Wilson, "and my orders are to report to Majer-Gen. Adna R. Chaffee. I am going to get to China as quick as possible and leavest 5:30 o clock to-me rrow evening for San Francisco on the Lake Shore limited. I expect to arrive in San Francisco next Thursday evening at 6:30 o clock. The next day I expect to be aboard a Japanese steamer sailing Jor Yokohama. This trip takes about fifteen days and I expect to report to Gen. Chaffee soon after the middle of August. What I will do when I arriva in China, I do not know, but, being a soldier, I will obey orders. My aldes and my orderly accompany me.

This will be my second visit to China. I was there just three weeks less than a year in 1885 and 1886 and I am probably the only general officer in the United States Army who is familiar with the country. Particularly am I familiar with the country where the coming military operations will take place. I know Pekin and have travelled six times by night on horseback from that city to Tientsin, some eighty miles by the road. I have ridden twice by the road from Taku to Tientsin, and I've been across the Great Plain. In my stay in China I studied the people and the customs and I am personally acquainted with all the leading Chinese statesmen. I am personally familiar with their military organization, or more properly speaking their lack of organization. In short, I think, I know the job."

Gen. Wilson and havana at 4 o'clock the save affernoon. Gen. Wilson has spent the last eighteen months in Matanzaa and Santa Clara provinces. He received orders on July 21 to hasten to China and two days later he had closed all the business of his department. Gen. Wilson has spent the last eighteen months in Matanzaa and Santa Clara provinces. The ready his reports, including the annual report by his department and got ready his reports, including the annual report by his department of China and two days later he ha

of self-government, and says only a very small element of the inhabitants desire annexation to the United States.

Gen Wilson is a graduate of West Point. He came out of the civil war with a brilliant record. As Brigadier-General of Volunteers he commanded the third division of the cavalry corps of the Army of the Potomac under Gen. Sherman in the Richmond raid, the fishts about Petersburg and the Shenandoah campaign. In October, 1864, he was put in charge of the cavalry corps of the Department of the Mississippi and organized a body of 15,00 mounted men. In twenty-eight days serving under Thomas and Sherman, he captured five fortified cities, 288 guns and over 4,000 prisoners, including Jefferson Davis. When Gen. Will on was mustered out as Major-General of Volunteers he was considered the most brilliant cavalry commander in the service. Gen. Wilson wroth a book called "China and Glimpse of Japan," as a result of his first visit to the Flowery Kingdom. It is used as a text book and soon after it was printed it was translated into Japanese.

COL. WERR C. HAYES GOES TO CHINA Report That He Will Act as the President's Personal Representative.

FREMONT, Ohio, July 28 .- Lieut, Col, Webb C. Hayes, son of the late R. B. Hayes, started from Fremont to-day for San Francisco and from there will sail for China for an extended stay. Although Col. Hayes gave it out newspapers and friends that he was ent on a sight-seeing tour, the fact that he seent several days this week with that he seent several days this week with President McKinley with whom he is on Intimate terms, gives rise to the rumor that Col. Hayes has been sent to China as a personal representative of the President.

Col. Hayes recently resigned his commission in the Volunteer army and returned from the Philippines, where he won honor.

ALLEN WHIPS AUSTIN.

latter's Seconds Throw Up the Sponge in the

Three bouts of ten rounds each and one of twenty rounds made up the card at the Sampson A. C. last night. A large growd was present. The star bout was between Jim Austin and Mack Allen, local colored men. Jack Gavey was referee. The opening bout was between Joe Duffy and Kid Loff-e, both from Brooklyn. The weight was its pounds. Duffy took the place of Andy Burke. In the sixth round Duffy was all over Coff e and had him in sore straits. Without any warning the referee suddenly disqualified Duffy for holding his rival. The referee's action was unexpected and the crowd blased

hissed.

The second bout was between Dick Behrens of Brooklyn and charles Sillerick of New York. They met at catchweights. Sillerick was a mark for Behrens, who punched him when and where he liked. The referee again showed his inc meetency by allowing Behrens to smash Sellerick into insensibility in the third round, when the latter had sourcely a chance to win. Behrens, of course, received the verdict.

Two Brooklyn lads. Jack Coster and "Christy" Welsh, furnished the next tilt at 110 pounds. Welsh refused to respond for the third found. He said that his 1-ft hand was puffed.

Austin and Allen were to meet at 145 pounds.
ustin took things easy in the first rou d. Mack Austin and Allen were to meet at 145 pounds. Austin took things easy in the first rou d. Mack surprised Jim by landing wiesel lefts on Austin's face a d body. The blows did not have much force behind them, however. Allen continued to hit Austin in the second and third rounds and J m seemed to be tired. Austin went to Allen in the fourth and forced him to the ropes. The latter was shifty and got out of harm's way. Austin started to fight in the fifth and sixth rounds and Allen did alot of clinching. The seventh was rapid. Allen got to Austin easily, but spouled his chances by striking with the open glove.

Austin was provokingly slow in the eighth and ninth rounds, and was a punching bag for Mack. Austin hon ed around the ring in dire distress and was barely able to detend himself. Allen tried his best to knock his man out, but failed. Austin hugged in the tenth, eleventh and tweifth rounds. He was sent to his knoes in the latter r und and took the count. In the thirteenth, after Austin was dropped, his seconds threw up the sponge. Austin wanted to fight of a degan arguing with his seconds for stopping the mill. Mack got the decision.

TORPEDO BOAT BARNEY LAUNCHED.

Christened by Miss Ethel N. Barney, a Great-Granddaughter of the Commodore.

BATH, Me., July 28.—The new United States torpedo boat Barney was launched successfully this afternoon and a large number of spectators vitnessed the launching. The Barney was christened by Miss Ethel Nicholson Barney of Fredericksburg, Va., a great granddaughter of Commodore Joshua Barney of Revolutionary fame, who also was the grandfather of the late Commodore J. H. Barney. Workmen for days have been busy lowering the Barney into the vays, from which she floated this afternoon. nched from the shore in the t are lowered gently into the in a cradle, from which they

The Barney was authorized by the Navy Department in 1808. Her length between perpendiculars is 157 feet; her moulded beam is 17 feet; depth at centre amidships, 10 feet inches. She is required to show a mean draft of 4 feet 3 inches, a displacement of 150 tons and a speed of 28 knots on two hours'

PLIES STOP A NAPHTHA LAUNCH.

The "Green Leaders" of Lower New Jerse Show Their Wonderful Attacking Powers.

"Talk about green-headed files," said Dr Emlen Physick at Cape May the other day, "they simply own the meadows and seemingly enjoy making a fight upon the slightest provocation. Every spear of meadow grass has clinging upon it, as it sways in the morning breeze, from ten to twenty poisonous greenheaders of exceptionally large size and quite as eager to show fight as the Chinese Boxers. These files, unlike the Boxers, remain in their own territory and mind their own business until some unsuspecting mundane creature invades their home and tramples the tough, word-like blades of grass upon which they hold their political pow-wows and plan attacks upon their foes. Then the fun begins and the unfortunate man or boy, with unprotected hands or face, is made to realize how savage and cruelly the insects can bite and draw blood. But the biting proclivities of the 'green-header are only component parts of the many-sided dispositioned fly, whose bite is as keen as the

Last week Commodore Louis A. Scott of Philadelphia who has the speediest launch at Cape May in the Frances, which is 36 feet long, invited Dr. Physick to take a run with him over to Holly Beach. The trip from Cape May was made without unusual nt, as the broad thoroughfares with water from bank to bank, kept the green-header closely confined to his own field, but upon the return trip, when the tide had fallen, the blood-

closely confined to his own field, but upon the return trip, when the tide had fallen, the blood-thirsty fly got in his inning and actually stopped the naphtha engines from running. The files descended upon the Commodore in veritable swarms and clamored for blood every time the jaunty craft would sweep against the nod-ding grass in her swift passage. At every point where the green blades of seaweed grew down to the edge of the water, hundreds of files would be taken on board. The white foam in the wake of the boat grew perceptibly less as the craft took in these new passengers, until Dr. Physek jokingly said:

"I believe the 'green-headers' are stopping the engines by sucking the naphtha through the iron cylinders."

"The devil," reiterated Commodore Scott laughing, "who ever heard of such nonsense?"

"Nonsense or not," retorted the doctor, "the files are not only devouring me and my blood, but they are mastering the mechanism of your launch! See! She is stopping already!"

"We'll see about that," rejoined the Commodore, as he turned on more power.

There was a momentary flutter of the propeller which was followed by a peculiar whirring sound and the engine refused to run. The force was turned off and an investigation in stituted forthwith which resulted in the finding of about two gallons of "green headers" tightly packed into one of the air chambers which fed the flume with oxygen. The files had been drawn in by the surtion until they were as solidly packed as powder and shot in a gun barrel. It required an hour of patient work to remove the mass of dead flies from the hot sylinder and get the boat in working order again. During this hour the Commodore and his ompanion were almost devoured, for they were entirely at the mer sy of thousands of blood-thirsty and angry files that seemed to understand how to mete out revenge for the murder of their ompanions. After the sylinder had been relieved of its foreign substance, Commodore Scott ited a silk handker hief over the air passage, turned on all power and left t

BOYLE TO STEP OUT.

Will Put Up Fitzpatrick Against Keahon for

The news yesterday in the fight for the Tammany leadership of the Seventh Assembly district was that James W. Boyle, East River Bridge Commissioner and present leader, will resign the leadership early this week and ask his friends to support Richard Fitzpatrick, a member of the General Committee of Tammany Hall and vice-chairman of the district organization, at the primaries on Aug. 28 organization, at the primaries on Aug. 28
Mr. Boyle's friends said he had decided not
to stand again for the leadership in order to
preserve harmony in the district organization.
Patrick H. Keahon, who has been fighting Boyle
for the leadership, says that if Boyle thinks
he can satisfy the voters of the district by resigning the leadership and putting in his
own man, he's mightily mistaken.

No, sir," Keahon is reported to have said
yesterday: 'that game wont work in this balliwick. The people have had chough of Boyle
and his methods and they wont have him or his
substitute who, by the way, is a fine man. Boyle
hecame leader through my help and now my

substitute who, by the way, is a fine man. Boyle became leader through my help and now my friends want a new deal, and they'll get it. The boys have got tired of paying \$22 a year into the treasury of the district organization, when they only have to pay about \$11 in the other districts. There's never been any accounting of these funds, but there will be if I'm chosen leader, as I will be."

Keahon keeps a livery stable at 108 Tenth avenue and Fitzpatrick is a truckman, with stables at 454 West Nineteenth street. He let it be known throughout the district yesterday morning that he would be the candidate of the regulars for the leadership, and he said he was sure that, before the day for holding the primaries arrived, Keahon would have given up the fight, realizing that he was beaten.

Mr. Boyle tried the other day, it is said, to get Mr. Croker to direct that Fitzpatrick should be chosen leader, but he got no encouragement.

Angry Over the Playright's Removal to Hartford-Did He Tear Up His Wills?

CONCORD, N. H., July 28.-Much interest is felt throughout the State in the unfortunate condition of Charles H. Hoyt, the playwright, and the people of Charlestown, his summer home, are indignant over what they consider his improper removal from New Hampshire. Those people are angry also over the published statement that they have enjoyed a bounty from Hoyt.

They assert that floyt up to the time he left Charlestown was perfectly sane: drove out by himself daily and attended to his banking

by himself daily and attended to his banking and other business matters in a perfectly sane manner. A company of Charlestown citizens has engaged counsel to look into what its members term the "secret and mysterious removal of our beloved townsman."

Mr. Allen Hollis of a local law firm engaged to represent Hoyt's interests in New Hampshire, expects that a guardian for Hoyt in this State will be appointed soon. Mr. Hollis says that Mr. Hoyt's property at Charlestown, consisting of his homestead estate and several pieces of rented property, is worth \$30,000, though it cost its owner twice that. His interests at Charlestown are now being looked after by his private secretary, John W. Mitchell, who is a cousin of his late wife, Caroline Miskel. Who are Mr. Hoyt's heirs is not yet apparent. According to Mr. Hollis he has no near relatives. He was known to have made several wills, but according to the Claremont papers of this week he recently tore up and destroyed all of these documents. Mr. Hollis says that from his investigation there can be no doubt in his mind of Mr. Hoyt's sane condition.

THE PITTSBURG TUNNEL BXPLORED. It Is 280 Feet Long and Ends in a Shaft Near the Prison Rockpile.

PITTSBURG, July 28.—The tunnel that was dug into the Riverside Penitentiary was explored its full length this evening to its outlet in the prison yard. The tunnel, following all its windings, is 290 feet long, 214 feet wide and 214 feet high. It begins in the cellar of a house, passes underneath a 40-foot street and follows the wall under another street for 240 feet, and extends 10 feet

street for 240 feet, and extends 10 feet under the wall. It ends in a shaft and right underneath a solitary flag store lying on the ground near the prison rock pile. By lifting the stone and lowering it again over his head a prisoner could have escaped.

It is supposed that the intended beneficiary of the plot was informed of the location of the outlet, but was unable to profit by his knowledge. Engineers say the passage was laid out by an engineer who would be worth a salary of \$10,000 a year in a legitimate business, and was dug by trained tunnel men, and that the work would cost, if let by contract, \$3,000. It has not yet been learned who the plotters intended to deliver from prison.

THE CHARGES AGAINST THE MAYOR. A Copy of Them, as Amended. Soon to Be Served on Van Wyck.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 28.-Gov. Roosevelt said to-night that the amended charges against Mayor Van Wyck of New York had been Mayor Van Wyck of New York had been made out and that a copy would be served on the Mayor next week. He will have thirty days in which to file an a swer and if he fails to do so within that time the Governor will appoint a commiss oner to take testimony in the case.

Gov. Roosevelt, Mrs. Roossvelt, their children and Deputy Superintendent of Public Works Hooker spent to-day on a private picnic. They returned to the Governor's house shortly before 6 o'clock to-night, Gen. Francis V. Green and a party of friends are expected to spend Sunday with the Governor.

TO BE NOTIFIED IN TOPEKA.

SILVERITES AND POPULISTS PROBA-BLY TO MEET BRYAN THERE.

They Think That the Enthusiasm Will Help to Take Kansas Away From the Republicans
-Nebraska Populists Insist Towne Must Not Withdraw - The Populist Campaign. Lincoln, Neb., July 28.-Topeka, Kan.,

will probably be selected as the place for notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination by the Populists and Free Silver Republicans. Mr. Bryan tions performed at the same time and as soon after the Indianapolis affair as it can be arranged. His personal preference is that the he does not insist upon. The chairman of the Free Silver Republican

Notification Committee, Mr. Tillotson, is a resident of Topeka, and he has been conducting a lively campaign on behalf of that town On the advice of the Populist leaders he has gone to Denver to consult with T. M. Patteron, who has the matter in charge for the Populists. The argument used on behalf of Topeka is that Kansas is a doubtful State and campaign should be warm from the start. A ceremony such as the notification must, it is asserted, bring to Topeka many fusionists the Republicans would be beaten from the

Mr. Tillotson endeavored to secure an exression of opinion from Mr. Bryan, but the latter is mum. The fact that he chose Indianapolis because of the impetus it will give the campaign in Indiana is taken by the Topeka hope that he will lend his influence to the se lection of their city. The date will be some time between Aug. 15 and Aug. 20. It is understood that Mr. Bryan will not return home until a week after the Indianapolis ceremony. He has half promised to make speeches in several cities in Ohio, and if he can arrange other matters he desires to redeem these promises. He has told the Populists that he cannot fix

eral cities in Ohio, and if he can arrange other matters he desires to redeem these promises. He has told the Populists that he cannot fix a precise date for the ceremony, but he wants it through with as soon as possible, in order that the work of the campaign can be begun by the first of September and continued without interruption. The exact date will be decided upon at the Chicago conference.

Mr. Bryan is looking forward to his Eastern trip with great interest, His growing impatience is shown by a disposition to become nervous, something unusual for him, in his manner and speech and by the fact that interruptions that once failed to amony have driven him to the seclusion of his farm, where he may follow his literary labors undisturbed. He has taken advantage of his leisure to lay a few political plans for himself so that it may be possible that his stay in Chicago, on his way to Indianapolis, will be so taken up with consultations that he cannot have time to accept all the courtesies the Chicago people have notified him they will shower upon him, Mr. Bryan spent the entire alternoon at his farm, presumably upon his speech, which he has attacked quite leisurely.

A very lively part in the campaign is to be taken by the Populists. Four distinct branches of the main headquarters here are to be maintained. One will be opened at Boston, It will be in charge of George F. Washburn, who will have the New England States as his territory. Senator Butler will conduct the one at Washington, from which the Congress districts will be more especially looked after, with the south Atlantic States as an added ground. Eugene Smith, National Committeeman from Illinois will be in charge at Chicago. He will set in conjunction with the Democratic National Committee in covering the mid-Western States. The other branch will be at Seattle, and the Pacific Coast States are given over to E. F. Way, National Committeeman from Washington. Ample funds, the managers say, will be provided with which to carry on the work. The fact that they

The Nebraska Populist leaders are again disquieted over the reappearance of the declaration that Towne will withdraw. They insist that he will not be allowed to do so. Mid-Roaders are scarce in all of the Western States but Nebraska and South Dakota, but here they are formidable in their threatenings and Gov. Poynter and men of similar standing in the party insist that Towne's withdrawal now or in October or any other time will imperfl success in both States. They believed they had the matter settled definitely a week ago, when the Democratis agreed to leave it entirely with the Populists. Then some Populists from the South and far West came forward with an insistence that the ticket would be stronger with Stevenson substituted. Notwithstanding this new element, the Populists believe that the opinion of the campaign managers in the States that will be most affected will be the final guide

STEVENSON'S MONEY VIEWS.

Interesting Incidents in the Past Affecting William J. Bryan's Running Mate.

By an act passed by Congress and approved by the President on March 3, 1897, entitled "An act to provide for the representation of the United States by commissioners at any international monetary conference hereafter to be called and to enable the President to otherwise promote an international agreement," President McKinley on April 12, 1897, appointed three commissioners to sound the sentiment of the commercial nations of Europe upon the advisability and expediency of an international monetary conference and on their acceptance of any plan designed to bring about himetallism. There were three members of this committee as appointed, Senator E. O. Wolcott of Colorado, former Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois and Gen. Charles Jackson Paine of Massachusetts.

The appointment of Mr. Wolcott was intended to placate, it was supposed, those Republican advocates of silver in the West who had remained steadfast in their allegiance to the Republican party and had withheld their support from Bryan in the Presidential election preceding. Gen. Paine was appointed as the representative of Eastern policies in finance and Adia Stevenson as the representative of the Democratic minority in order to divest the commission of partisan character.

The Commissioners reached Europe in May following their appointment, and held conferences with the French and German Governments and afterward visited London. At the conference held at the English Foreign Office, on July 12, the Marquis of Salisbury, the Secretary for India, Lord George Hamilton; the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach; the Lord of the Treasury, A. J. Balfour, and the United States Ambassador, John Hay, were present. mained steadfast in their allegiance to the

Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach; the Lord of the Treasury, A. J. Balfour, and the United States Ambassador, John Hay, were present.

It is doubtful if any commission appointed by the President on autherity of Congress and having a definite object in view accomplished so little as did the Bimetailic Commission of 1897, but one result, at least, was attained by it. The most energetic and conspicuous member of the commission, Senator Wolcott of Colorado, returned to the United States convinced of the futility of any bimetallic agreement as to the free coinage of silver of which the chief commercial nations of European countries had been adopting the commercial standard of coinage, discarding silver and currency, and the impracticability of endeavoring to convince the representatives of these countries to retrace steps that they had taken was very soon evident.

It does not appear, however, that Adial Stevenson became so readily convinced, for to the extent that an opinion can be based on his subsequent deciarations, made in Bloomington, Ill., and elsewhere he is, if not an advocate of international bimetalism, a believer in the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and, at all events, is the candidate for vice-President of the party which is committed to free silver in the ratio of 16 to 1, and in no uncertain terms.

By one of the curious results which follow the development of political policies in the United States. Senator Wolcott, the chairman of the commission, was the temporary presiding officer of the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia this year, which adopted the gold standard for the United States. He had previously voted in the Senate in favor of the sold standard bill in opposition to its silver opponents. How definite and luminous are the views of Adial on the silver question may be gleaned by this extract from his letter of acceptance of the Vice-Presidential nomination of eight years ago.

"To the plain and unequivocal declaration of the convention in favor of sound,

Named Burke for Congress to Placate Silver

INDIANAPOLIS, July 28. - The Democratic Convention of this, the Seventh, district nominated Frank B. Burke for Congress to-day Burke was defeated for the Gubernatorial nomination and gets this nomination to attempt to placate the free silver element. This is the district represented by Jesse Overstreet, and the chief fight will be made on him as father of the monetary legislation.

THE CAMPAIGN IN BROOKLYN. Senator Platt and Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff to Confer Over the Situation.

The Auxiliary Committee of Thirty, which n conjunction with the Republican Executive Committee is to constitute the Campaign Committee in Brooklyn, was completed yesterday This is the full list of members: Jacob Neu, William C. Bryant, George B. Forrester, H. A. Dahl, Sylvester L. Brindley, E. B. Morse, Henry E. Roehr, F. F. Williams, John K. Smith, William Berri, Charles A. Schieren, Jackson Wallace, Louis Beer, William C. Wallace, E. R. Kennedy. F. P. Trautman, E. H. Hobbs, James Gascoine, H. B. Masters, James R. Howe, Willis L. Ogden David Jacobs, A. D. Baird, Hiram R. Steele,

David Jacobs, A. D. Baird, firam R. Steele, Charles A. Moore, G. W. Schaedle, George H. Richards, Adolph Kiendl, Charles G. Bennett, Ludwig Nissen.

Mr. Brindley is the representative of the colored voters. The various sub-committees of the Campaign Committee have been selected. The chairmen of these are as follows: Auxiliary Committee, Ex-Mayor Schieren; Executive Committee, Walter B. Atterbury; Printing Committee, George H. Roberts; Finance Committee, Hiram R. Steele; Halls and Meetings, Harry A. Hanbury; Speakers, William C. ngs, Harry A. Hanbury: Speakers, William C.

ings. Harry A. Hanbury: Speakers, William C. Wallace.
Col. Michael J. Dady as chairman of the Executive Committee of the General Committee has assumed the chairmanship of the Campaign Committee and in spite of the reports to the contrary he says that he has at present no intention of retiring from the lofty position. Should his ambition, however, run in the direction of the Congress nomination in the Third district, as has been hinted, and be gratified, he would of course surrender the chairmanship. Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff, it was ascertained last night, is to return from the Adirondacks early this week and is to have a consultation with Senator Platt concerning the Brooklyn Republican situation. Many things of vital interest to the party in the borough of Brooklyn are to be gone over. It is expected that at this taik a verdict will be reached as to whether the Hon. Jacob Worth should be nominated for Congress in the Fifth district.

REPUBLICAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

New York to Have Three Members-Depow

The Ron, Joseph R. Manley of Maine was in charge yesterday at Republican National Readquarters, 1 Madison avenue. Chairman Hanna and Mr. Bliss and Mr. Gibbs will return to town on Monday, Henry S. Birrell of the Twenty-fifth Assembly district is to be sergeant-at-arms at headquarters.

Chairman Hanna, it was said yesterday, is awaiting the return to New York of Senator Chauncey M. Depew. Senator Hanna greatly desires that Mr. Depew should, with Senator Platt and ex-Mayor William L. Strong, become a member of the Advisory Committee of the National Committee for New York State, New York State is to have three members of the Advisory Committee. This indicates the the Advisory Committee, This indicates the interest that Chairman Hanna has in the out-

interest that Chairman Hanna has in the outcome of the campaign in the Empire State this fall. The labors of this Advisory Committee are to be arduous.

There are to be no rainbows chased and no fallacious arguments used, but the campaign is to be conducted on sound principles.

All the campaigners unite in suggesting that too much cannot be said to the chairmen of State committees and all county chairmen in every State about getting the Republican vote out to register, and after that about seeing that the registered voters go to the polls. One of the chief labors of the national campaigners will be on this line. A great many Republicans, it was added, seem to believe that the campaign this year is to be an easy one. Many a battle has been lost through overconfidence. Any spirit of overconfidence is to be discountenanced, and the hardest kind of work is to be put in to convince all Republican voters that every vote will be needed.

FORMER REPUBLICANS FOR BRYAN.

Senator Wellington of Maryland and Some Washington Lawyers to Take the Stump.

Washington by the Democratic national managers to-day that Senator George L. Welling ton of Maryland and a number of prominent Washington lawyers who in 1896 and until recently have been classed as strong Republicans will appear on the stump this year in advocacy of the election of Bryan. The announcement came to Chairman Johnson of the Democratic National Press Bureau in a letter from Dr. W. A. Croffut, who, it is said. has left the Republican party because of a difference of opholon on the Philippine issue. In his letter Mr. Croffut says that he has had ator has signified his willingness to speak for the Democrats, and will take assignments from the Speakers' Bureau of the National Committee. Besides Senator Wellington, Dr. Croffut gives the names of other former Republican citizens of Washington who, he says, will take the stump for Bryan, among them being Dr. L. W. Habercom, correspondent for the Germania and New York Staats Zeitung; Rossa Downing, attorney; Capt. Patrick O'Farrell, pension attorney; Jackson H. Roiston, lawyer, formerly of Hyattsville, Md.: Henry F. Keenan, lawyer, and Clement S. Tucker.

W. D. FOULKE FOR M'KINLEY.

Compares His Policy in Acquiring Territory to That of Jefferson.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 28.-William Dudley Foulke of Richmond, Ind., has notified Charles Hernly, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, that he has prepared to take an active part in the campaign this fall. He has made researches in United States history with a view to comparing the present Administration's treatment of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philip-

treatment of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines with the policy of President Jefferson in acquiring the Louisiana territory. In his letter to Mr. Herniy he says:

"The name of Livingstone and Monroe and Jefferson are all held in higher honor by our people because they made that noble purchase which gave us our first great empire in the West. If Jefferson was inconsistent we esteem him the more, because he dared to be inconsistent in a thing so vitally affecting the best interest of our country. And if President McKinley has done aught that was inconsistent with previous declarations, history will not condemn him because he esteemed the welfare of the American people as more important than his own consistency. Thomas Jefferson did right in extending the power and beneficence of American institutions over America. McKinley has done right in extending the power and beneficence of American institutions throughout the world."

M'KINLEY HAS A QUIET DAY. -Few Callers at His Canton Home.

CANTON, Ohio, July 28.—The absolute quiet and lack of incident at the McKinley home today was suggestive of a breathing spell after a long and hard pull at an important task. And, as a matter of conjecture it might be said that the letter of acceptance has been outlined and a little halt called before rounding it out in the no one does say this with authority. In fact, it is not even authoritatively known that the first it is not even authoritatively known that the first sentence of the letter has been penned.

Two drives were taken by the President and Mrs. McKinley, one after breakfast and the other after the sun had set. About the usual number of social callers were greeted and there was little, if any, failing off in the favor seekers. But of statesmen and politicians of note there was none. If the President was a party to a conference of consequence to-day it was held by telephone. There is no evidence of change of plans for the near future, and it is expected that there will be a great many visitors here next week.

J. J. Judge bet in Wall street yesterday \$3,000 to \$1,000 that McKinley will be elected, P. C. Cooke taking the Bryan end of the bet, Mr. Judge, who made the bet as the representative of a man who did not wish his identity disclosed, said that he had plenty more McKinley money

McKinley Carries the Kaiser Friedrich A straw ballot, taken aboard the Hamburg American Line steamship Kalser Friedrich, which arrived on Friday from Hamburg, disclosed a strong sentiment for McKinley in both closed a strong sentiment for McKinley in both the first and second cabin among passengers who are American citizens. Sixty-three vote:s in the first cabin declared themselves for McKinley and only four for Bryan. In the second cabin forty-seven were for McKinley and twenty-five for Bryan. Three in the first and nineteen in the second cabin had not made up their minds on the subject.

The North Side Republican Club of the Thirty-fourth Assembly district had its annual outing yesterday at Lohdour's Park in West Chester. The member - assemble 1 at the clubhouse at Third avenue and 142d street in the morning and went to the park in carriages. They had dinner, played baseball and enjoyed races and

SUICIDE WAS NELLIE OGLE.

HOSPITAL DOCTORS THINK SHE HAD TAKEN POISON ONCE BEFORE. Her Mother Says She Was Engaged to Marry

Dodd-She Worked Here as a Stenographer

Under the Name Neltie Blatr-Had Acted

Oddly of Late-Her Mother Claims the Body The young woman who poisoned herself at the Presbyterian Hospital on Friday night where she had gone to see William H. Dodd, an assistant agent of the American Express Company, who is a patient there, was Neilie Ogle of St. Louis. Ida Ogle of 3550 Caroline street, in that city, telegraphed vesterday to the officials of the Presbyterian Hospital to hold the body of the girl until further orders The body was taken away later by the National Casket Company to 48 Great Jones street on the order of Undertaker M'Clean of 569 Seventh avenue. Dodd got hold of a newspaper in

marry Dodd. Dodd said she was infatuated with him and had made him much trouble. In the last few weeks the dead girl had lived In the last few weeks the dead girl had lived under the name of Nellie Blair at two boarding houses in this city. She lived at 7 East Thirty-first street and at 48 West Twentieth street. At the first address she lived two weeks and received many calls from a young man. At the Twentieth street house Mrs. Derr said that the girl had lived with her almost a year. She worked as a stenographer up to four weeks ago for Forrest B. Royal, a manufacturer of linings at Fifth avenue and Twentieth street. She had previously worked for T. W. Stoddard & Sons at 100 Bleecker street. A man known as Dodd frequently called on the girl at Mrs. Derr's house, and it was understood in the house that they were engaged to be married, Four months ago, Mrs. Derr says, the girl began to act queerly.

the hospital yesterday and discovered that

the girl had killed herself. His only com-

ment was: "How foolish of her." She had

Four months ago, Mrs. Derr says, the girl began to act queerly.

She would burst into tears with no apparent cause. For almost a week she received a half a dozen telegrams a day and after reading each burst into tears. She finally gave up her work although Mr. Royal was extremely anxious that she should remain with him, even cailing at the boarding house to urge her to do so. She told Mrs. Derr that she was in great trouble and that she couldn't tell anybody about the matter. About this time Dodd called and brought a woman with him who the girl told Mrs. Derr was her mother. This strange woman stayed a day at the house. Miss Blair said that her mother "came only to fulfil a mission and that she had done her work." said that her mother "came only to fulfil a mission and that she had done her work."

Several months ago, Mrs. Derr said yesterday, the girl was away from the house for two weeks. When she came back she said that she had accidentally taken an overdose of poisonous medicine and had been obliged to spend the time in the hospital. The doctors at the Presbyterian Hospital s. 7 that one of the reasons that they could no s. little for the girl after she took the poison on Friday was because she was suffering from a stricture of the æsophagus. They expressed the opinion that she had taken poison before. When the girl left Mrs. Derr's house she sent her things to the storage warehouse of Morgan & Brother at 232 West Forty-seventh street. It was said that she went to live in a house in East Forty-fifth street.

St. Louis, July 28.—The young woman was the daughter of Mrs. Ida Ogle of 3550 Carolline street. This afternoon Mrs. Ogle said that she had sent for the body, which will be buried in St. Louis. "I have so far received no message from New York," said Mrs. Ogle this evening, "but am looking for one every minute. I do not know anything in which the public is interested. My daughter was engaged to Mr. Dodd. I received a postal card from her this morning. It was mailed on Wednesday in Philadelphia and she said that she was going to New York to spend a few days on her vacation. I know nothing about her death except what I have read in the papers."

have kept in correspondence since she left home five years ago. She has been a steno-

AN INNKEEPER'S SUICIDE.

saac Smith Shot Himself After the Death of His Wife From Heart Fallure. With the body of his wife lying on the floor eneath him, Isaac Smith, 68 years old, ended his life in his bedroom at his hotel at Prince's Bay, Staten Island, yesterday morning. For fifteen years Smith kept a small hotel adjoining the S. S. White Dental Works on the shore at Prince' Bay, which was partonized as a fishing re sort by many New Yorkers. He had four guests Friday night, among them ex-Alderman

Late Friday afternoon Smith's wife, Mary A. Smith, 43 years old, who up to that time had been in good health and spirits, complained of not feeling well and went to her room to rest. An hour later her husband found her lying upon a sofa dead Coroner Tranter found that death had been caused by heart

iying upon a sora dead coroner Tranter found that death had been caused by heart failure.

Smith was very much affected by his wife's death, but was about the hotel until it was closed for the night at 9:30 o'clock. He then went to his room in one end of the hotel, accompanied by his two dogs. A servant says that his room was dark and that everything was quiet at 10 o'clock.

Shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday morning James Colbridge, watchman at the dental works, heard the report of a firearm at the hotel, followed by the howling of dogs. He went to the hotel and aroused the servants, and went to Smith's room. They found Smith sitting in a chair parily dressed. In his right hand was clutched a revolver. Blood was coming from two wounds in his head. He had placed the muzzle of the revolver behind his right ear and fired. The builet passed through his head and apparently had caused instant death.

through his head and apparently had caused instant death.

Isaac Smith was widely known among fishermen, sporting men and politicians in New York. His home for forty years was in the old city. He formerly kept a sporting resort and for ten years was court officer in the Special Sessions Court.

Shot Himself on His First Wife's Grave.

George Klemm, a locksmith of 97 Hamburg place. Newark, shot himself last evening on the grave of his first wife in Woodland Cemetery, Newark. The body was found later by a woman who was watering flowers. It was removed to Holles Morgue. Klemm was 69 years old and had married a second time, his first wife having di di wenty-two years ago. He always had grieved after his first wife.

The Second Battalion of the Naval Militia left its beadquarters in Brooklyn yesterday for a week's encampment at Centre Island, opposite Oyster Bay. The encampment was ordered by the State authorities in lieu of the annual practico-cruise. The week will be devoted to small boal work, guinery practice ashore and affeat, and infantry drills, at which blank ammunition will be used.

Immediate Delivery.



built under the Duryea patents, with improvements which make these carriages thoroughly practicable and reliable-not an untried experiment, but thoroughly tested

The Most Perfect Gasoline Carriage in Use.

These carriages are elegant in design and finish, trimmed in test of leather, with heavy phacton top, fenders, gas lamps, bell, etc. Equipped with 6 h. p. 2-cylinder balance-motor, three forward speeds and reverse, powerful brake, and foot lever for starting from seat. Extrem—ease and simplicity in operating; absolute safety; practically noiseless, entirely free from vibration and odor, and perfect in mechanical construction.

Descriptive literature on request. Carriages on exhibition.

PERCY L. KLOCK, 2640 Broadway (cor. 100th St.), NEW YORK CITY. and 216 Pacific St., STAMFORD, CONN. Made Her Young Again.

HAIR-HEALTH always brings back the natural and beautiful color of youth to gray, faded or bleached hair. Gives new life and growth to thin hair. Prevents dandruff and baldness. Is not a dye, but a hair food, and positively restores gray hair to its youthful color. A healthful hair dressing for men and women; its use cannot be detected See how Mrs. Landwehr was made young again by using HAY'S

HAIR-HEALTH

Since I was 35 years of age my lovely, long, black hair has been turning gray. I got a bottle of HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH, but had little hope, as I had tried many alleged

back and I never will use anything else. MRS. KATE LANDWEHR. Ask for HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH and refuse all substitutes. H. H. H. is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Sent by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package, by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 229-231 Lafayette Street, Newark, N. J., also a 25c. cake Harfina Medicated Soap, best soap for toilet, bath, skin and hair, all on receipt fees and this education.

restorers and invigorators with no effect. I have been using HAIR-HEALTH ever

since; like it very much. It keeps the scalp healthy, has brought the youthful color

Large 50o. Bottles. At Leading Druggists'.

Falling | Hair

is more common in warm weather than, at any other time. Excessive perspiration or sea lathing are the principal causes although. some people's hair is constantly falling out. Falling hair always causes premature baldness, but HARFINA SOAP is a wonderfully

efficient preventive. It goes to the individual roots, strengthens them and stimulates their growth, putting new life and vigor into them. It makes the hair fine and silky and prevents and cures dandruff.

It is made from a physician's prescription, and every ingredient has its own particular mising the pores, beautifying making it healthy and



Soap is for sale in drug shops everywhere for 25c. a Cake

er 3 Cakes, 85c. Mailed on receipt of price by LONDON SUPPLY OO.

GAVE ALL TO M'NUTT GANG.

PARE WIRE TAPPERS DIDN'T LEAVE DOKTOR A CENT.

Laughed at Him When He Begged Money for a Square Meal -Three Supposed Members of the Gang Set Free-Two More Arrest

-Edward G. Wemple One of the Prisoners. Three of the four men charged with swindling Benjamin Doktor of 519 Seventh avenue out of large sums of money by means of a bogus wire-tapping scheme were discharged by Magistrate Pool in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday. George Neil who was arrested in the "Imperial Electric Company's" place, where Doktor was buncoed out of the greater part of his money, was held in \$1,000 bail for further examination and so were two new prisoners who were arrested yesterday by Detective Sergeants Fogarty, Kear and Pepperted as members of the gang. The new prisoners were George Monroe of 310 West Thirty-fifth street and Edward G. Wemple, wemple is said to be a relative of the ex-Comptroller of this State.

be a relative of the ex-Comptroller of this State.

Doktor had no chance to testify in court yesterday, but he seemed to be thirsting for sympathy and confided additional details of his tale of woe to a Sun reporter. All of the members of the gang, he said, were in the habit of coming to him for loans as long as he had any money, and in that way theygot \$150 out of him. When the rent for the flat in which was the wire tapping plant fell due they pretended to be penniless, and he was actually so. He pawned a diamond ring and baid the rent. Once he received \$200 from his father with which to open a store. The money went to Monroe for a bet on a "dead-sure" tip and was never seen again. At another time, Doktor said, Monroe borrowed \$30 from him, bet it in a down-town poolroom, won a large sum

and skir-y-ed out with the loan as well as with
the wintings.

Deserted by his family, penniless and hungry,
Doktor said he went to the gang at last and
begged them to let him have money enough
at least to enable him to satisfy his hunger.
They laughed in his face and refused him a
cent. McNutt, the leader, who is still at large,
said at last, according to Doktor:

"We hain't got no money to give away, but
I'll tell you what we'll do. Bring in some
suckers that are as soft as yourself and we'll
let you share the profits."

WARRANT FOR DIVEKEEPER ACKRON. Eis Pult With the Tenderioin Police Doesn't

"Whitey" Brown, the cabman who was arrested in front of the Tivoli on Friday night because Charles Ackron, the "I have-a-pullsure" manager of the Tivoli chose to assault

him, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday. The charge was dis-

him, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday. The charge was disorderly conduct.

"Aw, yer Henor, he used turrible abusive language to Mr. Ackron, he did," explained Policeman Gilligan, who had arrested Brown and refused to arrest Ackron. Magistrate Pool looked sharply at the policeman.

"Discharged," he said briefly. Gilligan looked scared and then relieved.

"Git outer here," he said to Brown, taking him roughly by the shoulder and pushing him in the direction of the gate.

"Oh, no," protested Brown. "I want a warrant."

"G'wan wit yer," retorted Gilligan. "Y're discharged. Ye'd better git out."

He tried to get Brown away from the bridge, and the latter tried to dodge past the policeman. Magistrate Pool watched the performance.

"See here, policeman," he said at last. "Don't hust'e that man out of the court if he wants to talk with me. Let him come up here."

"I want a warrant for Charles Ackron on the charge of assault, your Honor," said Brown, stepping up on the bridge.

"And you shall have it," replied the Magistrate. "Step over to one of the clerks."

Gilligan slipped out of the court room and was seen ne more. Brown said that Ackron assaulted him because he refused to trash Joseph Lebost, another cabman who had provoked Ackron by charging the divekeeper's wife \$1.50 for a ride around Central Park. Ackron, Brown said, offered him \$50 to lick Lebost and the assault followed his refusal to do so.

Ackron hadn't been arrested at midnight last night. He wasn't at the Tivoli, and it was said there that he had gone to Seabright, N. J., and wouldn't be back for a few days.

Connecticut Naval Milltia on a Cruise.

Connecticut Naval Militia on a Cruise NEW HAVEN. July 28.- The auxiliary cruiser Prairie with 250 members of the Connecticut Naval Militia aboard left this port shortly before noon to-day for the annual cruise. She started for the eastward and will probably cruise down as far as Casco, Me. The cruise

229-231 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J. TE A THESS AND HEAD DEAT HOISES CURED

NO VACATIONS WITH PAY.

Edict of Alex F. Troup. Director of Now Haven's Board of Public Works.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 28 .- Alex Troup, the leader of the Bryan Democracy of Connecticut, gave out an order today, as director of the Board of Public Works of New Haven, that produced consternation among salaried city officials generally. It was to the effect that not an official in the Department of Public Works in this city would get a day's vacation this year, with pay, while he was at the head of the Department. He said he would not approve any such bills. The Department officials have been rece ving pay for the two week's vacation each one has enjoyed annually about this time of

one has enjoyed annually about this time of the year.

The decision of Troup grows out of a ruling just made by the Board of Finance of New Haven, that no employee of the city shall receive pay for work not performed. A batch of bills that Troup sent to that board for approval contained several that included pay for sewer inspectors and other city employees on the Fourth of July. These bills the Board of Finance returned disallowed to Troup, with the comment that the city was not putting out its good cash fr holiday vacations. Director Troup interprets the ruling of the Finance hoard to mean that for the future, from the Director down to the humblest workmen on the city's pay roll, there will be no money for holidays, vacations, &c. Heretofore all time on holidays and vacations was paid for just as if the men had worked. Director Troup says that the board's ruling applies to every man in the employ of the city from the Maron down. worked. Director troup says to at the board's ruling applies to every man in the employ of the city, from the Mayor down.

It was said to night that some citizens in New Haven who are not friendly to the present Democratic administration proposed to keep a time lock on Mayor Driscoll and insist that he be docked, just the same as the Director of Public Works or any other official, when he goes away on personal business.

NEW LONDON, Mo., July 28 - Former Government ernor Charles P. Johnson of St. Louis addressed the jury to-day on behalf of the prosecution in the Jester trial and occupied the entire morn-ing. Hundreds of people were here to listen to his argument. J. O Allison of New London was expected to speak this afternoon, but after court convened at 1:30 Judge Eby announced the illness of a juryman and adjourned court until Monday morning.

Chemung County Republican Convention.

ELMIRA, July 28 .- At a Republican County Convention this afternoon over which J. Sloat Fassett presided, Charles H. Knipp was renominated for member of Assembly. Delegates were elected to the Senatorial Convention to be held here on Monday and instructed to vote for ex-Senator Stewart of Tompkins county.



The New 25c. Size

puts this old remedy within reach of all.

Tarrant's "Dermal" powder; dainty, antiseptic, for nursery, toilet, after sharing, cures chafing, best foot powder, 25c.

At druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. TARRANT & CO., Chemists. New York.